

## SOMETHING TO LEARN

Before the Filipinos May Practice Government.

TO BE TRIED IN SMALL WAY

The Proclamation Issued by the Philippines Commission Before the Campaign Against Columbus Was Begun Tells the Insurgents Just What Concessions They May Expect.

Washington, May 1.—It is declared at the state department that the proclamation issued by the Philippine commission just before the beginning of the last campaign represents the maximum concessions to be made to the insurgents by the United States government. It is realized now more strongly than at any other time that the capacity of the Filipinos for self government is an undetermined question. The United States government is willing to accord the natives an opportunity to test their abilities, for the Philippine commission proposes to allow them the most complete control of their local affairs, exercising only such supervision through the United States military as may be necessary to guard against the consequences of mistakes on the part of the native municipal and provisional officials in their first experiment at self-government. The experiment is already in progress at some points. In the Philippines, outside of the island of Luzon, where the United States authorities have hoisted the flag and assumed sovereignty, there is continued local government, under native direction. So far as reports indicate, these experiments are working well and promise to have a good influence in shaping the attitude toward the United States of a considerable element among the Filipinos which has been suspicious of our intentions.

## NOTHING FROM THE EAST.

Washington, May 1.—The war department received no word from General Otis today concerning the conditions in the Philippines. Two dispatches were received, but nothing was said of the situation. Captain Rockefeller of the Ninth infantry, reported missing since April 28, is believed to have been captured.

The following cablegram was received from Admiral Dewey:

"Manila, May 1.  
"To the Secretary of the Navy, Washington:  
"On apparently reliable information ten of the Yorktown boat crew, including Gilmore, are prisoners at insurgent headquarters. We are continuing the investigation."

## GERMANY WANTS IT SETTLED.

Berlin, May 1.—Newspapers of Germany commenting upon the latest news from the Philippine islands, express the hope that the United States will now end hostilities in the far east.

## AFFAIRS IN PORTO RICO.

A Satisfactory Condition Reported by Governor-General Henry.

Washington, May 1.—The war department has received copies of several general orders recently issued by Major-General Guy V. Henry, governor-general of Porto Rico. The war department having forbidden the issue of rations to Porto Ricans, the commanding officers of posts are authorized by General Henry to prevent suffering among the people in their respective localities, by purchasing necessary articles of food at a rate not to exceed 10 cents a day, Spanish money, for each needy person and to send the bill for the same to the office of the governor-general for payment from the moneys of the island. General Henry says that great discretion must be used in carrying out his instructions and that aid must only be extended to those who are unable to work or to obtain the same.

General Henry remarks that his recent visit to Caguas, Cayey, Alibonito, Coamo, Ceasco Springs, Santa Isabel, Guaymas and Arroyo, showed a satisfactory condition of affairs and that the people are strongly in sympathy with American methods and progress. At Coamo Springs, he says, a most patient and commendable work is progressing in procuring vaccine for the benefit of the people of the island. At some of the towns complaint was made as to the cost of bread, which was then selling at 8 cents a loaf, the same as last summer, although the price of flour is much less now. General Henry says the price should not be more than 6 cents a pound. It is the duty of the alcaldes, says General

Henry, to reduce as far as possible the cost of the necessities of life and to increase the tax on other articles.

The work of building roads, taking charge of the schools and jails, so as to reduce the taxes of the people, will, General Henry says, be taken up as rapidly as possible. In the meantime all budgets will be reduced to the lowest possible limit, honest economy practiced in all directions, and patience exercised during the period of transition between a military and a civil administration of affairs.

## NO TERMS WITH RHODES.

London, May 1.—In the house of commons today Right Hon. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, chancellor of the exchequer, announced that the government had failed to come to an agreement with Cecil Rhodes respecting the proposed guarantee to the Cairo railway. The announcement was greeted with cheers by the radical members.

## HEROES OF TODAY.

Detroit, Mich., May 1.—Enthusiasm over the heroes of '98 and '99 equalled that expressed for the heroes of '76 at the opening session of the tenth congress of the Sons of the American Revolution today.

## A ROLLED OATS TRUST.

Akron, O., May 1.—The reorganization of the American Cereal company is about to take place with a proposed increase of the capital stock from \$2,500,000 to \$22,000,000. The parties interested in the present company will control the new organization.

## THE WORST IS OVER

But the Present Situation is Bad Enough.

Washington, May 1.—Acting Secretary Melikjohn received the following report from Captain Abercrombie, commanding the expedition investigating the Copper River route to the Yukon country:

"The expedition disembarked today, April 23. A hospital was organized for the care of destitute miners coming out of the interior by the route you contemplate opening as a military road. While conditions are distressing, so far as the destitute are concerned, the worst is over. A full report will follow."

## DAMNS THE SULTAN.

London, May 1.—At a crowded and very enthusiastic meeting of the national council of the evangelical free churches, held in the city temple, Dr. Parker in the course of a prayer expressed thanks to God for the "life, character and service of that honored son, Oliver Cromwell."

In the course of an address Dr. Parker made some amazing statements, alluding to the visit of the German emperor to Constantinople and to his majesty's use of the phrase, "My friend, the sultan."

"Down with such speaking," exclaimed Dr. Parker. "I do not want to know a man that claims friendship with the sultan, who has drenched his land with blood and cut up men, women and children with the sword. I am speaking of the sultan not personally, but as a great assassin. I say in the name of God, God damn the sultan."

The audience cheered Dr. Parker's utterances vociferously.

## RUSSIA TO GET A PERSIAN PORT.

Bombay, May 1.—The Times of India says that Russia has secured an interest in a port on the Persian gulf, said to be Bandar Abbas, which she is entitled to occupy when she pleases. The statement causes a stir, as it is similar to the recent attempt of the French to secure a naval station in Muscat.

## INVITING TROUBLE

The Nicaraguan Authorities Oppress- ing American Business Interests.

Washington, May 1.—Advices from Bluefields, Nicaragua, indicate that the situation, so far as American interests are concerned, is unsatisfactory and discouraging. It is being impressed upon the officials here that persons high in the Nicaraguan government are pursuing a policy calculated very deliberately to crush American business interests, now of considerable magnitude.

## THE NICARAGUAN COMMISSION.

Washington, May 1.—The Nicaragua canal commission has not yet submitted its report and will not do so for some time, on account of the difficulty of reaching a unanimous conclusion as to the cost of the proposed water way.

## UNSEASONABLE WEATHER

London, May 1.—There was a heavy snow storm in Perthshire, Scotland. The unseasonable weather killed a great number of sheep.

## DEWEY'S FIRST DAY

Generally Celebrated All Over the Country.

President McKinley Sends a Dispatch to the Gallant Admiral Reminding Him of an Incident That Occurred a Year Ago Yesterday.

New York, May 1.—The president sent the following:  
"Dewey, Manila:  
"On the anniversary of your great victory the people of the United States unite in expressions of affection and gratitude to yourself and the brave officers and men of your fleet whose brilliant achievements marked an epoch in history which will live in the annals of the world's heroic deeds."  
(Signed.) "WILLIAM MCKINLEY"

## AT SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, May 1.—Dewey day was appropriately celebrated in this city today. All the public buildings were decorated with national colors and special exercises were held throughout the day. Business houses were closed.

## IN LOS ANGELES.

Los Angeles, May 1.—Today was observed here as Dewey day by the closing of the schools, public offices and some of the business houses, decorating the streets and a general holiday.

## DEADLIER THAN THE BATTLE.

Mauch Chunk, Pa., May 1.—By a premature discharge a cannon used in the celebration of Dewey day, three persons were badly injured, unknown badly burned and cut, Jerry Conway, three fingers blown off; James McGee, arm torn off; McGee picked up his arm and carried it to the railroad hospital car. The cannon was heavily loaded with powder and shrapnel.

## A GENERAL HOLIDAY.

Washington, May 1.—Dewey day according to reports received was observed in all the principal cities of the country.

## THE SCULLING CHAMPIONSHIP.

London, May 1.—In a race today for the professional sculling championship of England and a purse of £400, over the course from Putney to Mortlake, George Towas of Australia beat F. A. Barry of Putney, four lengths.

## THE GOVERNMENT ELECTION.

Madrid, May 1.—Returns from the senatorial elections show the governmental majority to forty over the combined opposition parties.

## VISITED THE NAVY YARD.

New York, May 1.—President McKinley and party paid a visit to the Brooklyn navy yard where they were received by a number of prominent naval officers who escorted the party through and around the yard.

## SNOW AT SALT LAKE.

Salt Lake City, Utah, May 1.—The ground is covered four inches with snow and the storm which started at four o'clock this morning, still continues. It is feared that great damage will be done to the fruit crop.

## THE PRICE IS PAID.

Washington, May 1.—Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Vanderlip this morning handed Secretary Hay a draft for \$20,000,000 to be handed over to the Spanish government through Ambassador Cambon according to the terms of the peace treaty.

## BASE BALL.

Where Games Were Won and Lost Yesterday.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 1; Boston, 0.  
At New York—New York, 8; Philadelphia, 8.  
At Cleveland—First game, Cleveland, 5; Louisville, 4. Second game, Louisville, 2; Cleveland, 1.  
At Washington—Brooklyn, 7; Washington, 6.  
At Pittsburgh—St. Louis, 7; Pittsburgh, 5.

## CALLS STEPHENS A LIAR.

General Horne's Testimony Before an Investigating Committee.

Jefferson City, Mo., May 1.—Following Governor Stephens on the stand as a witness before the See committee, investigating the Fulton asylum today, came General Horne of Marshall with the announcement: "I am here for the purpose of denouncing the governor of Missouri as an infamous liar." Governor Stephens left the stand before the noon recess, General Horne was the first witness at the afternoon session. He produced an interview with Governor Stephens in a Kansas City paper and reading from it commented as he read. Statement after statement was denounced as a lie. As

to the governor's statement, "We've got him at last," referring to Dr. Combs' resignation, General Horne said: "That is an infamous lie, and it will be proved so."

When he reached Governor Stephens' statement that General Horne was on Governor Stone's staff and "wanted to be on his (Stephens')", he said: "Gentlemen, I was on the staff of the giant, and I had no desire to be on the staff of a pigmy."

## HARVESTING MACHINES TRUST.

Chicago, May 1.—Manufacturers of harvesting machines are said to be contemplating a trust. Details are likely to be made public by the end of the week. The trust is of large proportions and will probably be incorporated with a capital stock of \$70,000,000. No other branch of agricultural implement manufacturers will be admitted.

## THE CRIMINAL RECORD

The Championship Held by a Family of Clinton.

Clinton, Ia., May 1.—This city has a family, or rather the remains of one, for the majority is in the penitentiary, that has a criminal record seldom equalled. There are eight in the family, and all, including the mother and youngest son, a small boy, have been under arrest, six have been convicted and five sent to the penitentiary. John Sanders and family moved here from down the river nine years ago.

They soon became known to the police and were frequently arrested for petty thieving, often for stealing chickens. They had not been here long till it became known that the oldest son, Orville, was wanted in Missouri, where he had escaped from a sheriff while being taken to the penitentiary to serve a five-year sentence for burglary. He escaped by leaping from a moving train while handcuffed.

Orville was arrested by Chief Kessler of Davenport, who started to take him back to Missouri, but the prisoner again escaped by leaping handcuffed from the train while running at full speed. Two years later he was arrested in this city by E. J. Sexton, a deputy marshal, and by him he was landed in the penitentiary. Orville was released in 1897.

In 1895 the senior Sanders and his son Will were convicted of stealing chickens, and the father received nine months in the penitentiary, and the son six months in jail. The same year Mrs. Sanders was arrested on the charge of receiving stolen goods, but was acquitted.

Two years later, John Sanders, Jr., and William were convicted for breaking into a house, and were sent to Anamosa prison for two and a half years each, where they are still confined.

In 1898 the senior Sanders was again tempted to take some fat chickens, and to accomplish the task he broke into a chicken-house, was caught in the net and assaulted the owner, for which he was given six months in jail.

The Sanders were again in court last winter when Abe was arrested for burglary and the father for receiving stolen goods. Abe has just been sentenced to the penitentiary for five years and joins his two brothers at Anamosa. The father has not yet been sentenced, but has been convicted and will go to the penitentiary for several years.

The smaller boys, aged 10 and 12, have been arrested for stealing wood, but never punished. Mrs. Sanders is well educated, sharp and shrewd, and the police consider her the leader of the gang, although they have never been able to convict her. She now has her only two boys, while Orville is at large, but not at home. The police here say that they have never known a family where all the members were criminals with such a determination to keep constantly at thieving. Their antecedents are unknown, except that Mrs. Sanders claims to be of a wealthy and respectable family but she refuses to tell her family name.

## ANOTHER DOLLAR DINNER.

Chicago, May 1.—The committee of arrangements which has in charge a dollar banquet similar to the affair recently given in New York, decided to hold it on May 20 under the auspices of the Carter H. Harrison Unionist League. It is understood that Col. W. J. Bryan and Mayor Carter H. Harrison have already accepted invitations to speak.

## TO PEARY'S AID.

St. Johns, N. F., May 1.—The sealing steamer Hope went into dock here today to be overhauled preparatory to proceeding northward next month with an expedition for the relief of Lieutenant Peary, the arctic explorer, who went toward the pole last summer with a specially selected party and who may now need assistance. The steamer, Windward, has been frozen in the ice since the early part of last winter.

## COPPER COMBINE

Still a Matter of Guess Work by Wall Street.

That It Exists Is Agreed Upon but Who the Members of the Great Trust are Is Unsolved Problem. Copper in England.

New York, May 1.—Wall street continues to talk of the Standard Oil's copper combination, but nothing more definite than street rumor is yet to be had on the subject. There is not much doubt, however, that the negotiations are about closed, and that the new organization will be announced in a few days. From London today comes a second denial from J. Pierpont Morgan and the Rothschilds that they are interested in the underwriting syndicate. It comes in such emphatic form that there can be no doubt of its correctness. This has set the street guessing again as to who is in the syndicate, and has lessened the popular estimate of the capitalization of the copper mines from \$400,000,000 to half that sum.

Stockholders of the Allouez Mining company at a special meeting in Boston today voted to increase the capital stock from \$80,000 to \$100,000, par value \$75 per share, the proceeds to be used for the further development of the property in Allouez.

A Birmingham, Eng., cable says this afternoon: "The enormous rise in the price of copper is playing havoc with the leading industry in the midlands. At Kynoch's batches of hundreds of men have been discharged since the rise in the price of the metal began, and now, instead of 4,000 men, only 2,000 are at work there."

"The government has decided not to give any more orders for cartridge shells while the present prices prevail, and orders have been issued stopping all the work possible."

"The electrical fitting firms are also losing business for the same reason."

## NO SENATOR FROM DELAWARE.

Governor Not Likely to Follow Example of Quay's Appointment.

Dover, Del., May 1.—Governor Tunnell, in an interview today on the probability of his following the example of Governor Stone of Pennsylvania, and appointing a United States senator from Delaware to succeed Senator George Gray, the legislature having adjourned without electing his successor, said:

"I have given this matter no consideration and there is no probability of my appointing a senator. I hardly think it would be worth while to take such action, for the reason that if I should appoint a senator he could only serve until the next session of congress and would then have to run his chances of being seated or turned down."

"So far as Governor Stone of Pennsylvania is concerned, I do not think it will hold, as decisions rendered on this point have been in vogue for many years, and it is hardly probable that the senate will now reverse its opinion in this particular case."

## TELEGRAPHY RECORD BROKEN.

Chicago, May 1.—The record for long distance practical telegraphing was broken today by the Associated Press on its regular system of wires leased from the Western Union Telegraph company. A continuous circuit of 6,001 miles, reaching from New York city to the Pacific coast, and from Chicago to New Orleans, touching Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Atlanta, Memphis, St. Louis and Kansas City, Omaha, Denver, San Francisco and all the larger intermediate points south and west was successfully worked for several hours.

There were forty-one operators copying from a sender in New York, with newspapers being served directly from this one circuit in thirty-eight of the leading cities of the United States. Longer circuits have been worked for short periods, but as far as known to-day's record has never been equalled, considering the number of newspapers served and the territory covered by the circuit.

## BIG LUMBER COMPANY FORMED.

Capitalists Secure the Lumber Along the Coast.

Norfolk, Va., May 1.—The Atlantic Coast Lumber company was chartered here today with a minimum capital of \$1,000,000 and a maximum capital of \$20,000,000. Lewis A. Hall of Bay Mills, Mich., is president, Edward B. Freeman of Norfolk, vice-president and general manager. Charles S. Fearing of New York is treasurer, and among the directors are Wallace B. Flint and Frank J. Sax of New York, Waterman A. Taft of Boston, Wrightson W. Tunis of Norfolk and Baltimore and other large capitalists. The company has already acquired

600,000,000 feet of standing timber along the coast from Norfolk to Charleston, S. C. The headquarters of the colossal concern will be at Norfolk, but mills may also be built farther south. The new combination will practically control the soft lumber trade of the coast, including that of New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

## CANADIAN INDIAN TROUBLES.

Further Trouble Feared on the St. Regis Reservation.

Montreal, May 1.—It is reported via Cornwall, Ont., that a posse of dominion police visited St. Regis Indian reservation this morning under the command of Chief Shearwood to arrest the ring leaders in the election trouble of a month ago. It is said one man was killed. Twelve were arrested. Further trouble is expected. The American Indians feared to take part in the trouble.

The dead man was Jack Ice, accused of killing his wife. The wounded are: Jake Sunday and Pete Sombody. Jake Ace, Peter Fire, Peter Thompson and Angus Babaneau were arrested. The police arrived by tug from Cornwall and immediately went to the house of the men charged with preventing the holding of elections on the reservation. When arrested the men were taken to the house of the Indian agent. A crowd of 200, including a number of American Indians surrounded the place and shouted for the release of their friends. The police fired and in the ensuing confusion got away with the prisoners.

## THE INDUSTRIAL WORLD

An Effort to Force the Bottle Factories into the Union.

Brigdeton, N. J., May 1.—The window glass blowers on a strike with bottle blowers held a largely attended meeting today and voted unanimously not to go to work in the fall unless the bottle factories are unionized. The manufacturers say the situation is satisfactory.

## IRON WORKS CLOSE DOWN.

Yarmouth, N. S., May 1.—The Barrett-Johnson iron factories announced the closing of their plants indefinitely. Several hundred men will be out.

## AN ANTICIPATED STRIKE.

Peoria, Ill., May 1.—The Peoria Glucose works were closed in anticipation of a strike. Several hundred men are thrown out.

## GRAIN SHOVELERS STRIKE.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 1.—Over 100 grain shovelers on the docks struck today. Police are on hand but there has been no trouble.

## UNION MINERS DISCHARGED.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 1.—Seven hundred miners struck in the Southern Indiana mines today. The strike was precipitated by the discharge of thirty union miners near Evansville. The miners demand an advance. Three of the largest mines agreed today to the conference scale. The state labor commissioners go to the scene tomorrow. They do not anticipate an outbreak.

## WAGES GO UP.

Cleveland, O., May 1.—Over 300 mechanics of this city will receive increased wages dating from today. Seven hundred machine moulders went to work this morning at an advance of ten per cent, and stove plate moulders receive a like advance. All trades are affected by the advance.

## MOLINEUX IS HELD.

New York, May 1.—Justice Bookstaver in the United States court today dismissed the writ of habeas corpus in the case of Roland R. Molineux, accused of the murder of Mrs. Adams and ordered the prisoner to remain in the Tombs. The jury will now decide upon the issuance of another indictment.

## ARGENTINE AFFAIRS

Proposed Changes for the Betterment of the Republic.

Buenos Ayres, May 1.—The congress of the Argentine Republic opened today. In his message President Boca said a settlement is in prospect for the territorial question under which peace will be assured and the government enabled to develop the resources of the country and promote the colonization of Patagonia.

The government, President Boca added, would pursue a policy of rigid economy and prepare for a gradual conversion of the paper currency. The president advised the formation of a strong metallic reserve from the National bank.

## A TRACK WALKER'S FATE.

New York, May 1.—Charles Neymans, a track walker on the elevated railroad was struck by a train today and hurled to the street many feet below. Portions of the body fell on passing pedestrians, several being bruised.

## A TEMPORARY CALM

Succeeds the Storm Which Broke at Coeur d'Alene.

## MORE TROUBLE EXPECTED

The Federal Government Has Taken a Hand and So Much of the Whole Force of the United States Army as Is Needed Will Be Employed to Punish the Destroying Mob.

Wardner, Idaho, May 1.—There were no disturbances in the mining district today. Eleven men were seen from Wardner going over the mountains, each with a rifle on his shoulder, but their identity or destination was not known. A considerable number of non-union men on the train today, also a few strikers. The citizens are in dread of further outrages from now until the arrival of the troops.

State Auditor Bartlett Sinclair arrived here today as a representative of Governor Steunenberg. He is searching for evidence against the dynamiters, but cannot make much headway before the arrival of the troops. James Cheyne, wounded by the dynamiters on Saturday, is not expected to live until morning.

Today the body of Jack Smith, who was killed by his fellow rioters, was brought down from the Miners' Union hall in Burke and is at Wallace in charge of an undertaking firm. The remains will be brought here in time for the inquest. This will be held on Saturday.

## STATE OFFICIALS CONFER.

Boise, Idaho, May 1.—Governor Steunenberg, Attorney-General Hayes and Adjutant-General Weaver went out this afternoon to meet General Merriam at Glenn's Ferry for consultation over the situation at the Coeur d'Alenes. It is not known what policy may be decided upon. The conditions from the district affected are looked on as being very grave, but the state authorities have refrained from discussing them or any plans contemplated for meeting them.

## TROOPS READY TO MOVE.

Leavenworth, Kan., May 1.—Two troops of the Sixth cavalry are in readiness at Fort Leavenworth to proceed to Wardner, Idaho. A camping outfit and three days' rations have been prepared and the men are in close barracks.

## READINESS AT CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 1.—An order has been received from the war department to the commander of the department of the lakes to have his troops ready to move to Wardner, Idaho, where the miners are rioting.

## THE WHOLE UNITED STATES.

Washington, May 1.—General Merriam has placed at his disposal any troops available whether in the department of the Colorado or not. Troops in surrounding departments have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to move when ordered by General Merriam. There are some companies at Fort Spokane, Helena, Mont., and Vancouver which can be sent to the scene of the riot. The whole matter is in the hands of General Merriam.

## ARKANSAS ASSASSINATION.

Little Rock, Ark., May 1.—News is received of the assassination in Van Buren county of the son of Hugh Patterson, who was murdered in December in 1897 by Lee Mills and Will Hardin. Mills was hanged, while a few days ago Hardin was shot to death in jail. It is believed that young Patterson was murdered by the friends of Hardin.

## THE SUGAR-COFFEE WAR.

Coffee Roasting Plant in San Francisco to Fight the Arbuckles.

Toledo, O., May 1.—Information has been received here that A. M. Woolson, Lawrence Newman and W. A. Brigham of the Woolson Spice company of this city are making arrangements to establish a large coffee roasting plant in San Francisco. They are now in the west and left here ostensibly on a pleasure trip. It is said the new plant will be used by the sugar trust to fight the Arbuckles.

## THE CZAR DOWRY OF \$500,000.

Cetteing, May 1.—It is stated that the czar has given another evidence of his regard for the royal family of Montenegro by bestowing on Duchess Jutta, youngest daughter of Grand Duke Adolf Friedrich of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, the fiancée of Crown Prince Danilo of Montenegro, a dowry of \$500,000.